

# TROUBLE SHOOTING & VENTILATION GUIDE

For Marine and Truck DC/DE Refrigerators

# **Troubleshooting**

ms:	
not cool - Compressor does not run on AC or DC	See Checks: 1 thru 6
not cool - Compressor runs on AC; not DC	See Checks: 1 thru 6
not cool - Compressor runs on DC; not AC	See Checks: 1 thru 6
not cool - Compressor runs continuously on AC or DC	See Checks: 5, 7 & 9
ficient cooling - Compressor runs continuously on AC or DC	See Checks: 5, 7 & 9
ficient cooling on AC - DC cooling O.K.	See Checks: 1 thru 6
ficient cooling on DC - AC cooling O.K.	See Checks: 1 thru 6
ficient cooling - Compressor slow or erratic	See Checks: 1, 2, 3, 5 & 7
cooling	See Check: 5 & 6
essive Frost	See Check: 8
rmostat out of calibration or ineffective	See Checks: 5 & 6

all checks before replacing component parts.

# t Voltage

voltage is properly connected and within 108 volts AC - 132 volts AC/60 Hz. oltage is properly connected (polarity not reversed) and within 10.5 volts DC - 15.4 volts DC.

2 volts DC input voltage, do not use a battery charger or a converter.

# er Supply Output to the Compressor

performing check-out procedure, allow compressor temperature to stabilize and equal to room at temperature.

e from compressor as shown in Figure 1. Measure the Power Supply Output Voltage bewteen Point A and

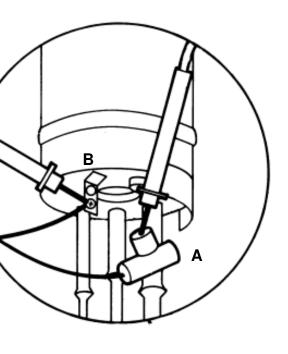


Figure 1

Power Supply Output Voltage Specification:

40 Watt Compressor:

AC & DC Operation 23-28 volts AC

**60 Watt Compressor:** 

AC & DC Operation 24-31 volts AC

emoved from the compresor and if the voltage reading is not as defined under the Power Supply cifications, proceed to Power Supply Check Out Procedure (Check 4).

# er Supply Output to the Compressor

performing check-out procedure, allow compressor temperature to stabilize and equal the room at temperature.

erator ON.

shed to the compressor, measure the AC output of the Power Supply to the compressor between Point A Figure 1).

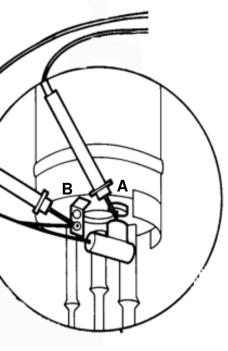


Figure 2

Power Supply Output Voltage Specifications:

#### 40 Watt Compressor:

AC & DC Operation 18-23 volts AC, 1-2 Amps

#### **60 Watt Compressor:**

AC & DC Operation 23-26 volts AC, 1.9-2.5 Amps

ached and the voltage or Amp readings are higher or lower than defined under the Power Supply ifications, replace the cooling unit.

and 60 watt compressors, when the current draw exceeds 2.5 Amps, the compressor is locked ace cooling unit.

#### ressor Winding Resistance

rator to OFF.

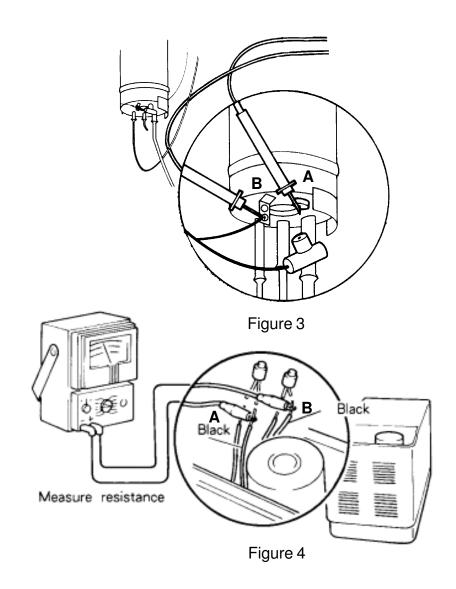
ack wire to the compressor as gure 3 and Figure 4. Measure the compressor bewteen Point A and

and 60 watt = compressor coil Cooling Unit.

) watt compressor = compressor

) watt compressor = compressor

40 and 60 watt = open compresplace Cooling Unit.



e resistance values were established at room ambient temperatures. Insure the the readings are reference that the the readings are replacing the cooling unit.

#### ormer Resistance

and DC power OFF. transformer and remove t. former resistance.

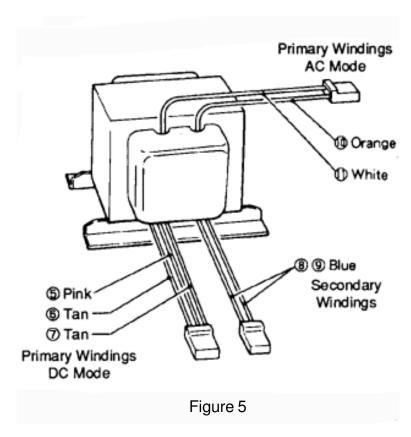
orted Transformer Windings . Re-

penTransformer windings. Reer.

ll Transformer Windings Values

Primary Input		Secondary (Out)	
5 & 7 (PNK & TAN)	10 & 11 (ORG & WHT)	8 & 9 (BLU & BLU)	
0.1Ω	25Ω	1.0Ω	
0.1Ω	8-15Ω	1.0Ω	

Test Points - Measuring Transformer Windings



ormer Winding values are normal, the Oscillator is defective and requires replacement.

eplacing the Oscillator, insure the Power Supply output voltages are correct and the input DC s 12 volts DC while the refrigerator is operating.

#### orator Thermister

rator to OFF and measure resisporator Thermistor as shown in

Thermistor is checked by measurure and resistance of the Ther-

t below and Figure 6.

Evaporator Thermistor Resistance		
Resistance	Allowable Resistance Range	
9.7K	28.7K -10.7K	
7.8K	7.0K - 8.6K	
6.4K	5.7K - 7.0K	
5.3K	4.8K - 5.7K	
4.5K	4.0K - 4.9K	
3.6K	3.2K - 4.0K	
2.8K	2.5K - 3.1K	
2.1K	1.9K - 2.3K	
1.9K	1.7K - 2.0K	
1.8K	1.6K - 1.9K	

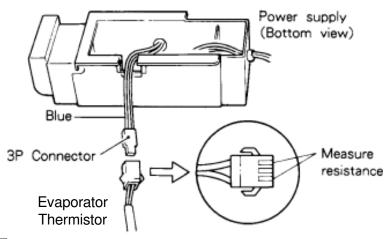


Figure 6 - Evaporator Thermistor

0  $\Omega$  = shorted thermistor. A shorted Thermistor will cause the compressor to run continuously . Replace Thermistor.

1.6K - 29K  $\Omega$  for both thermistors = good Thermistor.

 $\Omega$  = openThermistor windings. An open Thermistor will stop compressor operation. Replace Thermistor.

#### lenser Thermister

erator to OFF and measure the mistor as shown in Figures 7.

ser Thermistor only functions on.

connections. The compressor ating when there is an open he Thermistor circuit.

elow and Figure 7.

Condenser Thermistor Resistance		
Resistance	Allowable Resistance Range	
26K	23K-29K	
20K	18K-22K	
15K	13.5K-16.5K	
11K	10K-12K	
10.5K	9K-11.5K	
8K	7K-9K	
7.5K	6.5K-8K	
6.5K	6K-7K	

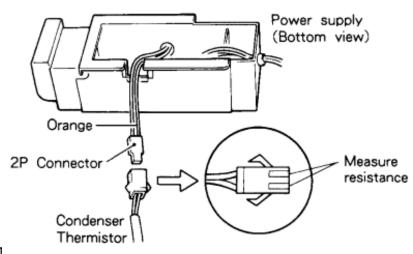


Figure 7 - CondenserThermistor

0  $\Omega$  reading = shorted thermistor. A shorted Thermistor will cause erratic compressor operation. Replace Condenser Thermistor.

6K - 29K  $\Omega$  reading = good Thermistor. (Refer to Chart)

 $\infty$   $\Omega$  reading = open Condenser Thermistor. An open Thermistor will stop compressor operation. Replace Thermistor.

#### erature Control Circuit

is applied to the the Temperature Control LED lamp will illuminate

e Control switch **ON** and illuminate or the compresremove the Temperature refrigerator without discon-

between point 1 and point

of:

icates Temperature

ates a defective Oscillator.

cates a defective Temperature

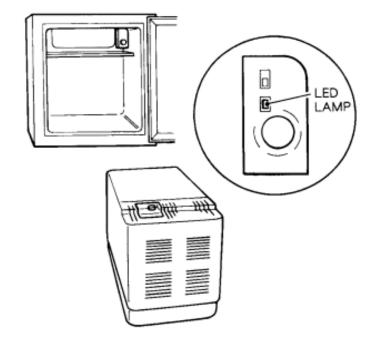


Figure 8

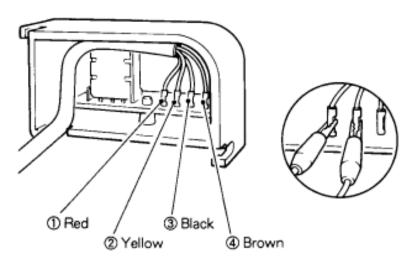


Figure 9

# Inspection

unit assembly for signs of damage.

nd connections for refigerant leaks

# aks

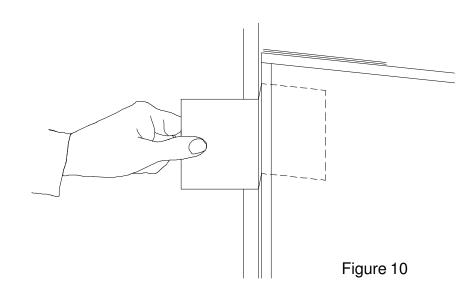
# ire 10)

e refrigerator is normal. When the orrectly, excessive frost will collect r.

on a piece of paper that is the size

aper. You should feel a slight drag r gasket and the refrigerator cabi-

ur sides of the door. If a slight drag djust the door or door hinges.

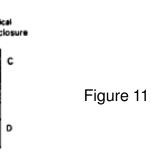


# ation

d to assure efficient operation of the refrigerator and to increase the life expectancy of the refrigerator's illation allows fresh air to come from and exhaust to the living area of the vehicle by means of an inlet and lese vents allow an adequate airflow over the rear mounted refrigerator condenser and cooling unit. These structed and provide an open path to the rear of the refrigerator.

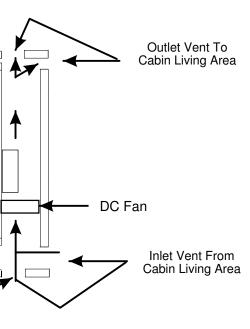
s a specified **minimum** air flow requirement. It is suggested to provide as much ventilation as possible. ting over the rear of the refrigerator, the more efficient the refrigerator will operate. Refer to Figures 11, 12 and the Ventilation Requirement Chart on page 11.

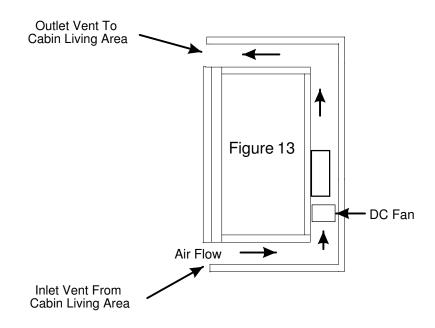
# ation (continued)



red venting arrangements - venting lusing any of the following cutout loca-

D	D/E	E/I	F/I	G/J	HΛ
/I	D/F	E/J			H/j
J	D/G				
	D/H				







# **CAUTION**

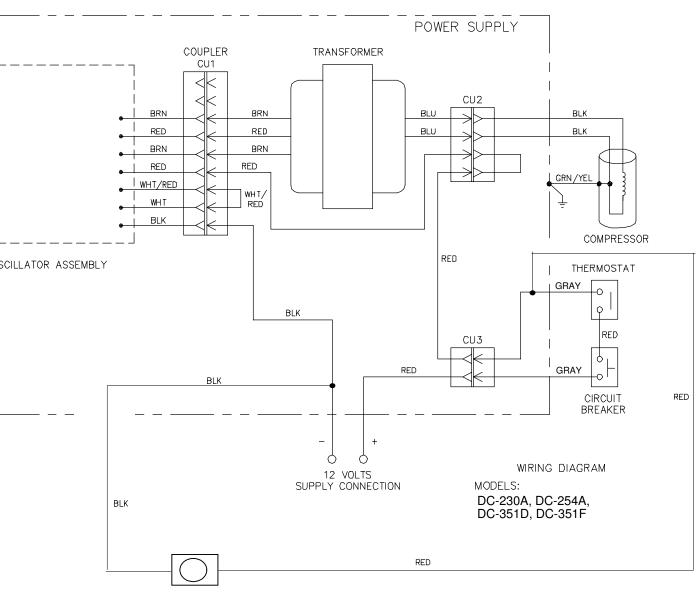
Failure to provide the required ventilation will result in shortened life expectancy of the cooling unit, poor refrigeration, continuous operation, accelerated battery discharge and will void the refrigerator warranty.

In addition to the required vents sizes, a fan can be added to increase the refrigerator performance and to decrease the refrigerator current consumption. A fan kit is available through Norcold part distribution network. Refer to Fan Kit Assembly chart on page 12.

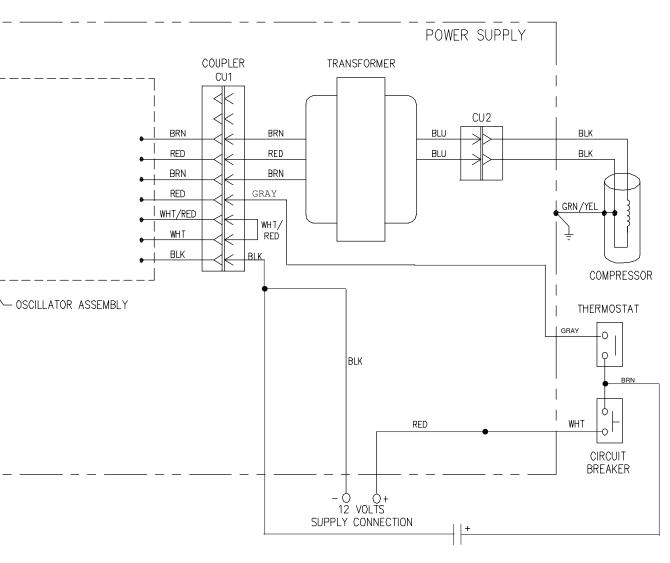
# ation (continued)

VENTILATION REQUIREMENT CHART			
ator Model	Min. Vent Sizes Without Fan	Min. Vent Sizes With Fan	Recommended Fan CFM
∙0D,F,K	50 Square Inches Inlet 50 Square Inches Outlet	25 Square Inches Inlet 25 Square Inches Outlet	28
351D	50 Square Inches Inlet 50 Square Inches Outlet	25 Square Inches Inlet 25 Square Inches Outlet	28
351D	50 Square Inches Inlet 50 Square Inches Outlet	25 Square Inches Inlet 25 Square Inches Outlet	28
350D	50 Square Inches Inlet 50 Square Inches Outlet	25 Square Inches Inlet 25 Square Inches Outlet	28
90D,V	100 Square Inches Inlet 100 Square Inches Outlet	35 Square Inches Inlet 35 Square Inchers Outlet	28
390D	100 Square Inches Inlet 100 Square Inches Outlet	35 Square Inches Inlet 35 Square Inches Outlet	28
EV541	100 Square Inches Inlet 100 Square Inches Outlet	50 Square Inches Inlet 50 Square Inches Outlet	28
EV561	100 Square Inches Inlet 100 Square Inches Outlet	50 Square Inches Inlet 50 Square Inches Outlet	60
390D EV541	100 Square Inches Outlet  100 Square Inches Inlet 100 Square Inches Outlet  100 Square Inches Inlet 100 Square Inches Outlet  100 Square Inches Inlet	35 Square Inchers Outlet 35 Square Inches Inlet 35 Square Inches Outlet 50 Square Inches Outlet 50 Square Inches Outlet 50 Square Inches Inlet	28

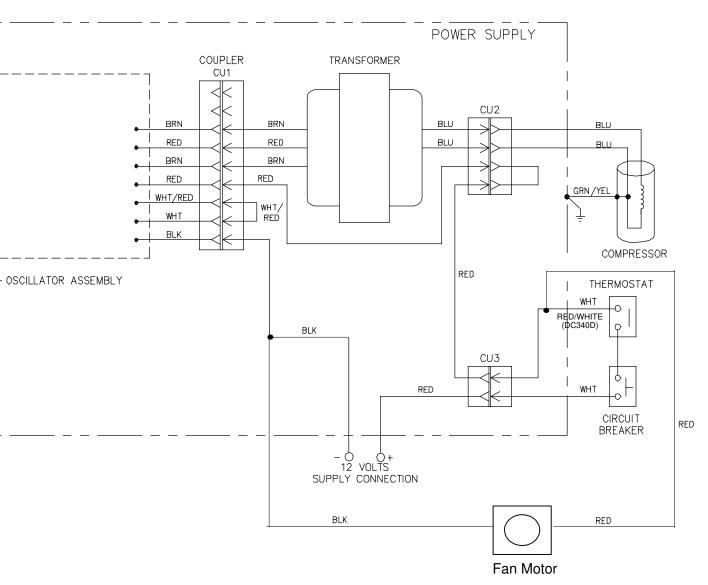
FAN KIT ASSEMBLY			
Part Number	Description	Model	AMP
16092490009	Fan Kit	DE351D	.15
16092493007	Fan Kit	DC351D	.15
16092493008	Fan Kit	DC340D/DC340K	.15
16092850009	Fan Kit	DE561	.1
16092496009	Fan Kit	DE541	.15
16092497009	Fan Kit	DE390D	.15



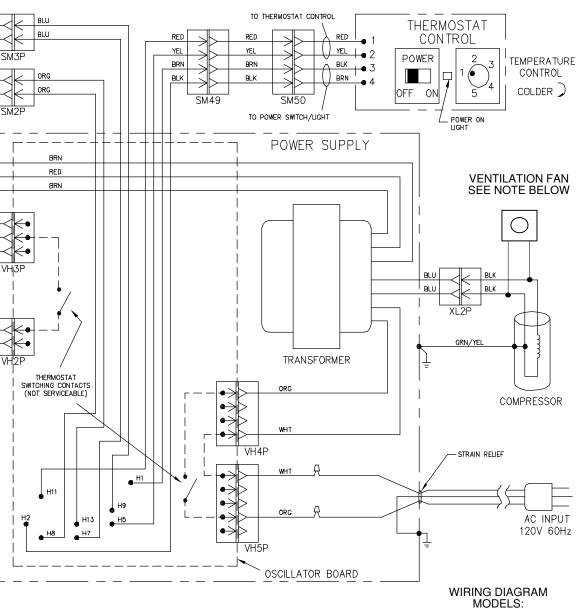
DC FAN
DC-351D (Fan Optional - Fan Kit Available)
DC-351F (Fan Standard Equipment)



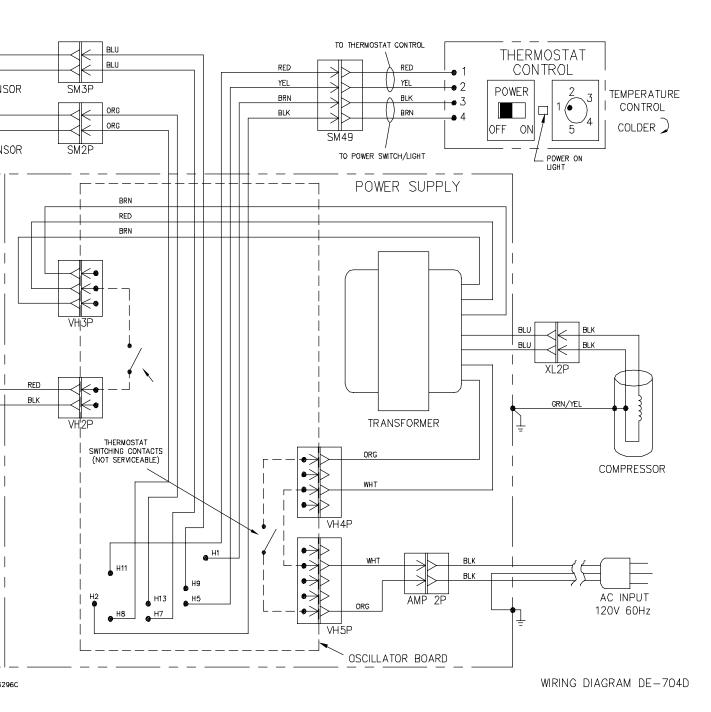
Wiring Diagram DC340K

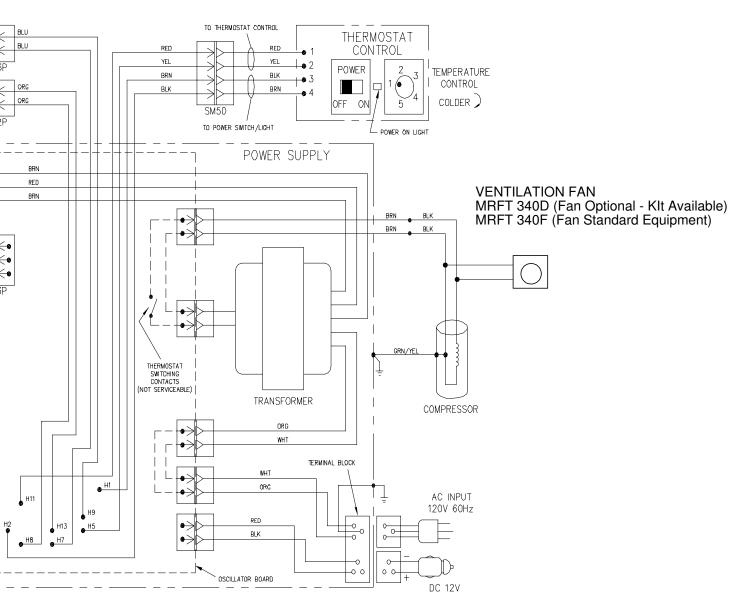


Wiring Diagram DC340D (Fan Optional - Kit Available) DC340F (Fan Standard Equipment)

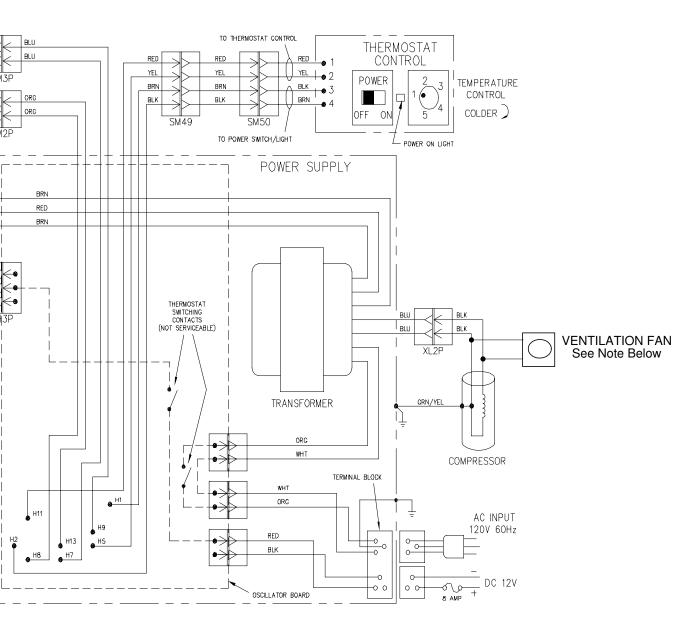


DE250G, DE251E, DE400D, DE540 DE560, DE350D,
NOTE: DE351D (Fan Optional - Kit Available) DE351F (Fan Standard Equipment)
DE390D (Fan Optional - Kit Available) DE390F (Fan Standard Equipment)
DE541F & DE561F (Fan Standard Equipment)





WIRING DIAGRAM - MRFT MODELS; 315D, 330D, 340D, 340F, 615C, 630C, & 640C



WIRING DIAGRAM MRFT660A, MRFT360D & MRFT360F NOTE: MRFT360F (Fan Standard Equipment) MRFT360D (Fan Option Not Available)

# Manual provided courtesy Bryant RV Services www.bryantrv.com

All manuals are believed to be released for distribution, and/or in the public domain.

Service manuals provided with the understanding that persons using them are well versed in proper safety practices, and are familiar with basic safety procedures, including, but not limited to safety procedures dealing with 120 volt electricity, high amperage 12 volt circuits an LPG (propane) systems.

If in doubt, consult a professional (better safe than sorry).